OUTSOURCING TO A FURNITURE BUYING OFFICE / SOURCING COMPANY

When your importing furniture from China, generally there are three ways you can conduct the transactions/ business. Either the importer (*you*) can contact a supplier directly (*who may or may not be who you think they are*) you can use a 'sourcing agent' or you can use a Furniture Buying Office.

Of course, different business all have different people with different experience and skill sets, with sourcing agents there are some highly competent agents, there are also some who are incompetent, immoral *(the worse type)* there are also Buying offices which are amazing, aswell as buying offices that are completely awful, with no process and unprofessional staff.

As such its impossible to come to any firm conclusion about whats going to be best for your business, this is something that only you, the importer can decide.

However, after well over a decades experience in China, working with hundreds of importers, essentially starting off as a sourcing agent myself, building easyimex.com to become the professional Furniture Buying office it is today. After saving so many importers from the perils of working with terrible agents I am going to draw this table based on 'typical scenarios'

Again, this table is not conclusive. It does not mean no importing business has the capability to successfully import from China. Likewise, it does not mean all agents are bad! However, I am someone that has put my lifes work into building a furniture buying office. I have done this because its my personal opinion that if an importer is going to bring new product ranges to market, import multipule containers per month, they want to ensure that product, assembly, packing, instructions, carton marks and quality are all spot on, every single time. They can not do this at any scale without a presence on the ground, in China, working to set process to ensure that happens like clockwork everytime!

So based on my own personal observations below over many years, I have drawn up what I see as a very typical scenario across all of the tasks & skillsets required to successfully import furniture from China.



ADAM Managing Director

THE TABLE COMPARES:

1

IMPORTING FURNITURE DIRECT

IMPORTING FURNITURE WITH AN AGENT

2

IMPORTING FURNITURE WITH A PROFESSIONAL BUYING OFFICE

TASKS & SKILLS	IMPORTING FURNITURE DIRECT	IMPORTING FURNITURE WITH AN AGENT	WITH A
SOURCING FOR FURNITURE	 May not already have someone with experience sourcing May not have someone that has the hours it takes to do a good job of selecting the right factory. Expensive to attend trade shows in China. Unable to speak Chinese and have as detailed conversation with the manufacture about product, challenges and how to overcome (assuming the business is forging ans does not have Chinese speakers) 	 Often engages only few factories and selects based on relationships. Is not critical enough on if the factory is truly the right fit for the importer. Able to attend trade shows aswell as source factories outside of websites like Alibaba, global sources generally reports to no one and may not spend as much time sourcing if they feel the options are good enough. 	 Has an office plus the man sourcing doi Has an IT (<i>El</i> that a minim quote, and a Attends all f Existing data manufacture to no online
FACTORY AUDIT	 May not understand the importance relevance of doing an audit. Would need to be outsourced to a 3rd party. The audit then needs to be interpreted by someone at the business who may not be experienced in manufacturing process and as such can not evaluate the results of the audit to make the correct decisions and following actions. 	 Agent may not do an audit report and may be bias based on which manufacture offers him/her the best incentive /kick back to place orders. 	 Professional Due to the s audits on main Factory audits separate Quits
QUALITY ASSURANCE / SIGNING OFF SAMPLES	 Travelling to China expensive and time consuming to sign off samples Airfreight/seafreight furniture samples is either very slow, or very expensive and even any changes can not be done/agreed with the manufacture face to face. Generally first samples need adjustments of some sort, meaning to sign off a sample correctly can take many months. 	 Agent may have many skills but generally they are not experienced/trained in Quality Assurance. 	 Professional set process packaging for
RICE NEGOTIATION	 Able to negotiate directly for the best deal for the company. If inexperienced they may negotiate price at the expense of quality 	 May or may not negotiate the best deal depending on how hard they try, relationship with factory etc. Worse case they may end up 'negotiating with the importer' more than they negotiate with the manufacture. Often a mind set that the importer has loads of margin and they can afford to pay more. 	 Follows a pr quote, final know as a fu vs all other of Buying office meaning the currency, th factor in var often leadin

IMPORTING FURNITURE TH A PROFESSIONAL BUYING OFFICE.

office of experienced staff defined process in place man power & sourcing experience to ensure good g done everytime

T (*ERP system*) to ensure staff follow a process and ninimum number of manufactures are invited to and a minimum number of quotes to be obtained. all furniture trade shows in China.

database & relationships of suitable furniture ctures. Many of which in the furniture have little nline presence.

ional audits carried out by the Quality Team. The scale of manfuacures already dealing with, many on many factoies already done, so no additional cost. audit results carried out and concluded by a e Quality Department, meaning total impartiality.

onal team of Quality Assurance staff who follow a ress to sign off sample/assembly/instructions & ng for every single furniture SKU.

a process from collecting multipule suppliers to inal specs and highly experienced managers who a furniture buying office, they must be competitive her options.

offices are able to export under their own licence, g they can negotiate/purchase in the Chinese local y, the RMB, meaning manufactures don't need to n various charges and exchange rate fluctuations, ading to a better deal.

TASKS & SKILLS	IMPORTING FURNITURE DIRECT	IMPORTING FURNITURE	
		WITH AN AGENT	WITH
PAYMENT TERMS	 Generally will get factory standard payment terms 30% deposit, 70% against BL. 	 Generally will get factory standard payment terms 30% deposit, 70% against BL. 	 Many furning credit to th good as 0%
PURCHASE	 Not able to create a contract valid under Chinese law as a non Chinese entity. Maybe does not know what should go into a contract when purchasing from a Chinese manufacture. Not able to purchase in the domestic version of the Chinese Yuan (May or may not create valid contracts valid under Chinese Law May or may not be able to purchase in domestic Chinese Yuan 	 Able to created to created the created the created the created to created the created
QUALITY CONTROL	 Has to outsource quality control. Then needs to take the reports, read these and decide each container if stock can be sent. Potentially working with a Quality Control company who has been incentivd by the manufacture not to show 'the real picture' 	 Is probably not professional for furniture quality control. As a sole agent, can not travel for every order, every factory and do the hours of work professional Quality Control requires – as such many faults get shipped, and not found. 	 Has profess China. All reportin every order Has a proce be shipped Only accept are allowed
VENDOR MANAGEMENT	 Does not understand the landscape in China. As such communication can sometimes break down. They don't understand the 'story behind the story' and as such, are not best positioned to work with the factory to solve. Does not understand the culture in China, personal relationships become bad for many reasons as a result. 	 The agent is working with the factory against the customer, as such the real position of the agent is that they do not want to 'fight' the factory on the customers behalf. 	 Professiona arise, initiar works with communica to mitigate
CRITICAL PATH	• Furniture importer places orders and has no answer when orders are late	• Agent does not even know what a critical path is	• Sample dev critical path

IMPORTING FURNITURE TH A PROFESSIONAL BUYING OFFICE.

Trniture buying offices have the ability to provide their customers. Payment terms can then be as 0% deposit 100% 90 days after bill of lading.

- create a contract valid under Chinese law as a entity.
- professional purchase contract with set clauses in to and ensofrce the importers best interests.
- purchase in the domestic version of the Chinese

fessional, full time, quality control team all over

- rting goes to a Quality Manager to process each and der and relevant actions
- rocess and path to follow to allow/deny goods can bed.
- ceptable quality levels of mass produced furniture wed to be shipped.

ional & experienced team that when challenges itiate the right conversations about the challenges, *v*ith the manufacture and the furniture importer to nicate the situation, and what options are available ate any problems that do arise.

development and orders all follow regular, weekly paths.



HUACI Sourcing UK Office, a The Arcade, Westfield Stratford City,London| p.c. E20 1EQ

e: hello@huaci.co.uk | w: www.huaci.co.uk

fb huaciuk | li huaci | yt huaci